

TECHNICAL DATASHEET Rev. D

Wall Industries, Inc.

LV12S20-100

Low Voltage DC-DC Converter 10-36 Vdc Input 20Vdc Output at 5A Half-Brick Package



Applications:

- For use in 12V and 24V battery applications.
- For use in Intermediate and Distributed Bus Architectures (IBA)
- Telecommunication equipment
- Network (LANs/WANs) Equipment
- Next generation low voltage, high current microprocessors and Ics

Features:

- Up to 87% Efficient
- Cost Efficient Solution
- Delivering 5A at Room Temperature with No Added Heat Sink with 400 LFM
- Fixed Switching Frequency
- High Reliability
- Consult Factory for Optional Heat Sink
- Output Short Circuit Protection
- Output Over Current Protection
- Optional Encapsulation for added Ruggedness
- Remote ON/OFF
- Remote Sense Compensation to 10% Vout
- Fast Transient Response
- 100% Burn In

Description:

The LV12S20-100 is a high density, low input voltage, isolated converter with a wide input voltage range. Low input voltage converters are uncommon in the industry and the LV12S20-100 offers the flexibility of operation with both 12V and 24V busses. This state-of-the-art converter's features include fast transient response, short circuit protection, over current protection, soft start, and many other features that are required for today's demanding applications.



TECHNICAL DATASHEET LV12S20-100

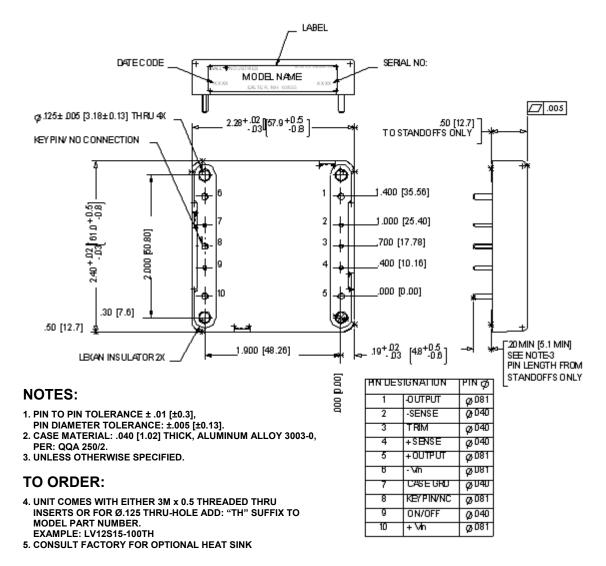
Technical Specifications	Model No. LV				
	5 °C, Nominal Input Voltage and Maximum C		otherwise no	ted.	
	e right to change specifications based on tech				
SPECIFICATION	Related condition	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Switching Frequency		-	400	-	kHz
INPUT (V _{in})		10	10 / 04	26	17.1
Operating Voltage Range		10	12/24	36	Vdc
UVLO Turn On at		9.4	9.5	9.6	Vdc
UVLO Turn Off at	Low Line	9.3	9.4 11.9	9.5 -	Vdc A
Maximum Input Current					
No Load Input Current Input Current under "Remote Off"	Min Load	-	0.6 11	-	A m A
Reflected Ripple Current			11	-	mA mA
EFFICIENCY		-	84		mA %
			84	-	70
OUTPUT (V _o)		19.8		20.2	Vdc
Voltage Set Point	$\pm RS$ shorted to $\pm Vo$	-1%	20.0	20.2 +1%	%
		-1% 18.0		+1%	70
Voltage Adjustment	Max Output limited to 150W	-10%	20.0	22.0 +10%	Vdc
Load Regulation	$\pm RS$ shorted to $\pm Vo$	-10%	0.1	+10% 0.2	%
Line Regulation	$\pm RS$ shorted to $\pm Vo$ $\pm RS$ shorted to $\pm Vo$	-	0.1	0.2	%
Temperature Drift	± 100 Shorted to ± 0	-	0.1	0.2	% %/°C
^ ·		-	0.2	20.2	Vdc
Remote Sense Compensation	Max Output limited to 150W	-		20.2 10%	%
Ripple	1uF Ceramic &10uF Tantalum	-	300	-	⁷⁰ mV _{pk-1}
Spikes	1uF Ceramic &10uF Tantalum	-	300	-	
Current	fur cerainic & four fantalum	0.5	-	5.0	MV _{pk-1} A
Current	Power Limited-Dependent upon SENSE	0.5	-	5.0	A
Current Limit	compensation and TRIM adjustment	-	9	-	А
Over Voltage Limit	Output Clamped	-	-		Vdc
DYNAMIC RESPONSE	1uF Ceramic & 10uF Tantalum	-	-	-	vuc
Load step $/\Delta V$	50% to 100% Io, di/dt=1A/uS	-	750	-	mV
Recovery Time	Recovery to within 1% Nominal Vo	-	0.3	-	ms
Turn On Delay	From Vin(min) to Vout (nom)	-	40	-	ms
Turn On Overshoot	Full Load Resistive		40	-	%
Hold Up Time	From Vin (min) to V _{ULVO_Turn_Off}	0	-	-	mS
REMOTE ON/OFF	Active High				
Remote ON – Active High	Min High (ON/OFF pin)	2.2	-	-	Vdc
Remote ON – Active Low	Max Low (ON/OFF pin)	N/A	-	-	Vdc
Remote OFF – Active High	Max Low (ON/OFF pin)	-	-	1.2	Vdc
Remote OFF – Active Low	Min High (ON/OFF pin)	N/A	-	-	Vdc
Remote ON/OFF pin Floating – Active High	Over Operating Voltage Range	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc
Remote ON/OFF pin Floating – Active Low	Over Operating Voltage Range	N/A	-	-	Vdc
I _{ON/OFF} Sink to pull low – Active Low or High	$V_{ON/OFF} = 0V$, $Vin = 36V$	-	-	0.38	mA
I _{ON/OFF} Source to drive high – Active High	$V_{ON/OFF} = 5V$, $Vin = 36V$	-	-	0.03	mA
I _{ON/OFF} Source to drive high – Active Low	V _{ON/OFF} =5V, Vin=36V	-	-	-	mA
Turn On Delay – Active High	ON/OFF (max Low) to Vout (min)	-	9	-	ms
Turn Off Delay – Active High	ON/OFF (0V) to Vout (min)	-	160	-	uS
ISOLATION					
Input-Output	1 minute	-	1500	-	Vdc
Input-Case	1 minute	-	500	-	Vdc
Output-Case	1 minute	-	500	-	Vdc
THERMAL					
Ambient	Max. Ambient limited by OTP	-40	25	OTP	°C
Over Temperature Protection (OTP)	Case Temperature Greater than	-	95	-	°Č
Turn On (OTP)	Case Temperature Less than	-	85	-	°Č
MTBF	Calculated Using Bellcore TR-332 Method	d 1 case 3	2,563,116		hours
MECHANICAL				igure 1	



Table 1: Pin Assignments

Pin #	Pin Name	Function	Comments
1	-Vo	Negative Output	
2	-RS	Negative Remote Sense	If not used, leave open or short to -Vo
3	Trim	Output Voltage Trim	Refer to page 6
4	+RS	Positive Remote Sense	If not used, leave open or short to +Vo
5	+Vo	Positive Output	
6	-Vin	Negative Input	
7	CHGND	Chassis Ground (Case)	If not used, leave open
8	Key Pin/NC	To Key Converter	Leave as a No Connect pin
9	ON/OFF	Remote On/Off	If not used, leave floating for Active High Unit If not used, short to –Vin on an Active Low Unit
10	+Vin	Positive Input	

Figure 1: Mechanical Dimensions





DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO)

The converter output is disabled until the input voltage exceeds the UVLO turn-on limit. The converter will remain ON until the input voltage falls below the UVLO turn-off limit.

Over Current Protection

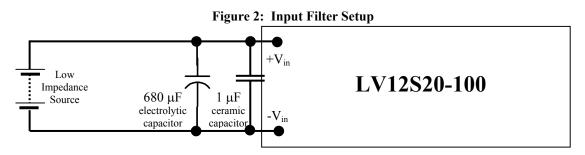
The converter is protected from short circuit and over current conditions. During these fault conditions, the converter output will 'hiccup'. The converter output will recover once the short or over current fault is removed.

Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

The converter has internal thermal protection that will shut the converter OFF once the case temperature exceeds the OTP turn-off limit. The converter will resume operation when the case temperature has dropped below the OTP turn-on limit.

Input Filter

It is recommended to bypass the +Vin and –Vin pins of the converter with a minimum of 680uF (100V minimum) capacitor. No other bypassing is needed. However, to reduce the input ripple beyond what is seen in Photo 1, larger values of capacitance may be used. Additionally, an inductor may be placed between the source and the previously mentioned capacitor. No inductor should be placed between the capacitor and the input to the converter.



Output Filter

No additional output capacitor is needed for the power supply to operate. However, to reduce the ripple and noise on the output, additional capacitance may be added. A 100 μ Ceramic capacitor may be added across the +Vo and -Vo pins to reduce the ripple and spike noise. Additional capacitance in the form of a tantalum or aluminum electrolytic may also be placed across these pins in order reduce ripple and improve the transient peak-to-peak voltage deviation.

Remote Sense

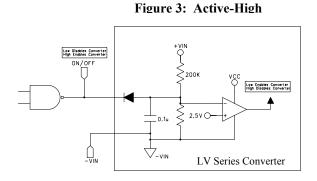
To improve the regulation at the load, route the connections from the -RS and the +RS pins to the –Vo and +Vo connections at the load. This will force the converter to regulate the voltage at the load and not at the pins of the converter (refer to Graph 6). If it is not desired to use the Remotes Sense feature, the –RS and +RS pins may be left open or they may be shorted to the -Vo and +Vo pins respectively. Shorting the RS pins to the Vo pins will reduce the voltage drops through the converter pins.



Remote ON/OFF

The converter has the ability to be remotely turned ON or OFF. The LV series is Active-High. Active-High means that a logic high at the ON/OFF pin will enable the supply (Figure 3). With Active-High, if the ON/OFF pin is left floating, the supply will be enabled.

Rev. D





Output Voltage Trim: (5V, 12V, 15V, and 20V Models)

The output is adjustable +/-10% of rated output voltage. To trim the output voltage down, place the trim resistor between the Trim and -Rs pins (Figure 5). To trim the output voltage up, place the trim resistor between the Trim and +Rs pins (Figure 4).

The value of the trim resistor with respect to the desired output voltage (Vo) can be derived from the following formulas, or looked up on the trim table (Table 2).

$$RTH = \frac{R_1 \cdot V_o \cdot \frac{V_{onom}}{U_1}}{V_o - V_{onom}} - \frac{R_1 \cdot V_o}{V_o - V_{onom}} - R_{\lim} \qquad \text{(in Kohms)}$$

$$RTL = \frac{R_1 \cdot V_o}{V_{onom} - V_o} - R_{\lim} \qquad (\text{in Kohms})$$

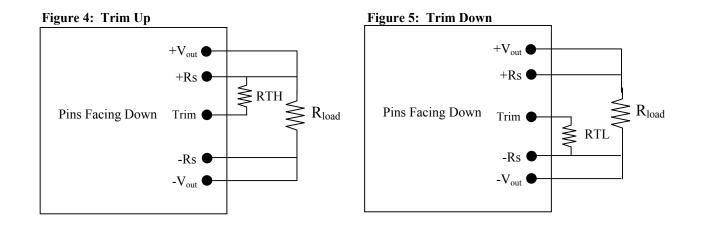


Table 2: Trim Equations for LV Series (5V, 12V, 15V, and 20V Models)

Vonom	U1	R1	Rlim	RTH to +Rs
20.000	2.500	5.11	5.11	RTL to -Rs

Percent	<u>Trim Low</u>		<u>Trim Low</u> <u>Trim High</u>		
Trim	Vo	RTL	Vo	RTH	_
1%	19.800	500.78	20.200	3607.66	All in Kohms
2%	19.600	245.28	20.400	1819.16	
3%	19.400	160.11	20.600	1222.99	
4%	19.200	117.53	20.800	924.91	
5%	19.000	91.98	21.000	746.06	
6%	18.800	74.95	21.200	626.83	
7%	18.600	62.78	21.400	541.66	
8%	18.400	53.66	21.600	477.79	
9%	18.200	46.56	21.800	428.10	
10%	18.000	40.88	22.000	388.36	

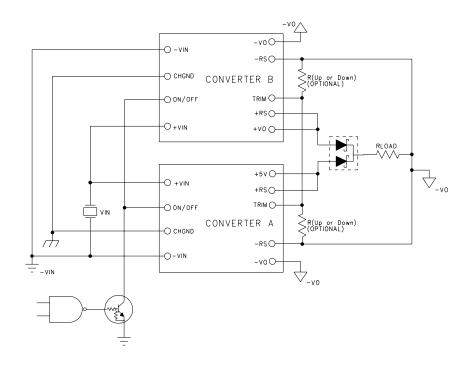
Note that while decreasing the output voltage, the maximum output current still remains at 5A, and while increasing the output voltage, the output current is reduced to maintain a total output power at 100 W.



Paralleling Converters

The LV series converters may be paralleled both for redundancy and for higher output current. However, in order to do this, a high-current, low V_f , schottky diode must be placed at the +Vo pin of each supply as shown in Figure 6. To improve sharing, tie the two TRIM pins together. The converters may be trimmed by adding a resistor value from Table 2 from each TRIM pin to ±RS pin, or alternatively, a single resistor of half the value of Table 2 from the common TRIM pins to the common ±RS pins.

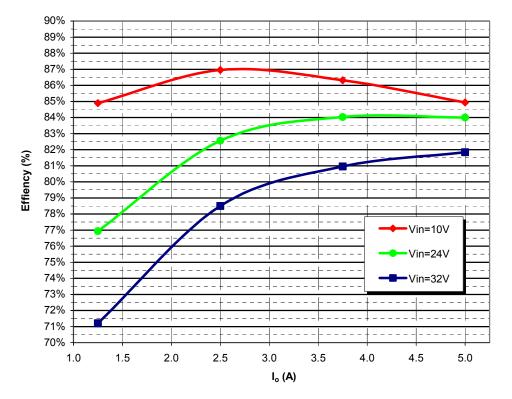
Figure 6: Paralleling Converters

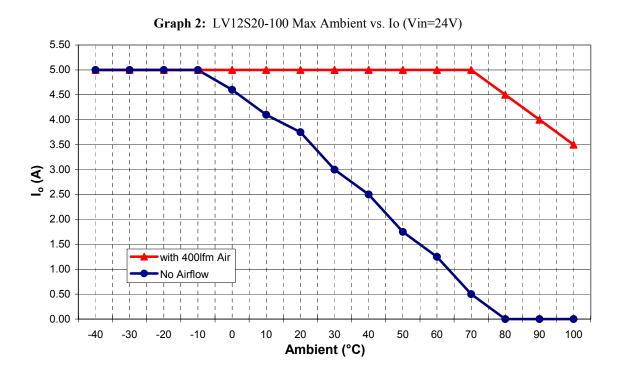








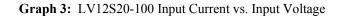


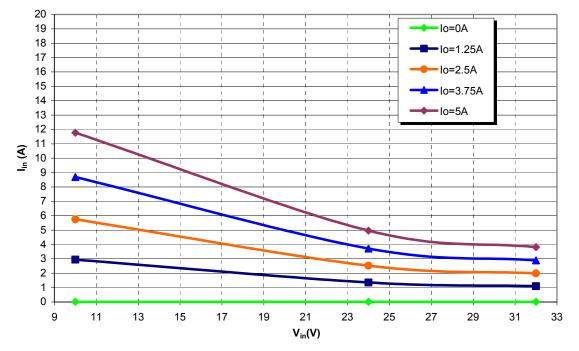


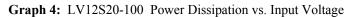
(888) 597-WALL

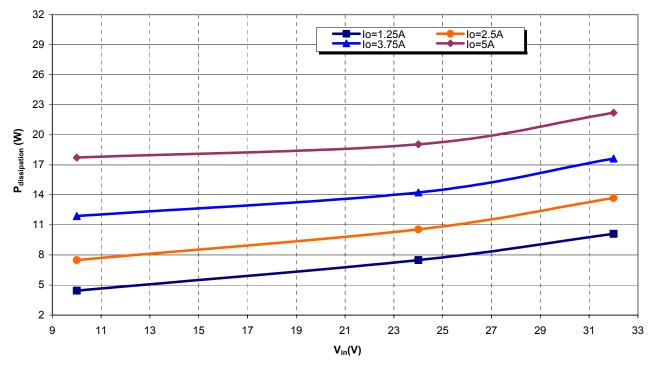


TECHNICAL DATASHEET LV12S20-100





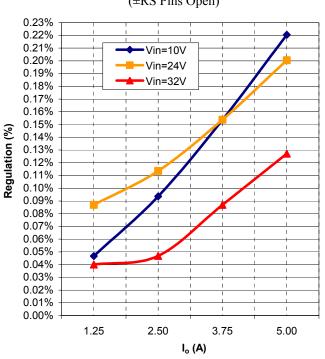




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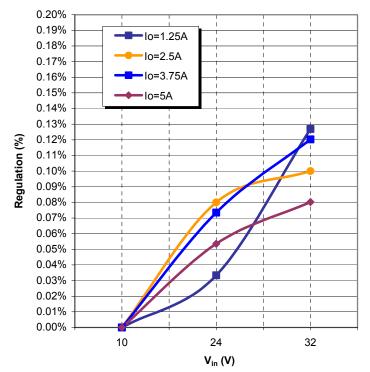




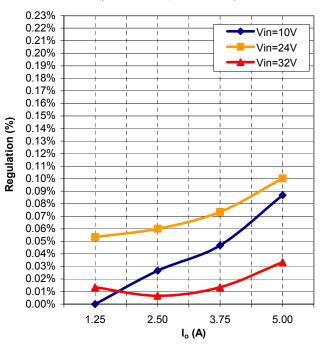


Graph 5: LV12S20-100 Load Regulation (±RS Pins Open)

Graph 7: LV12S20-100 Line Regulation (+RS to +Vo, -RS to -Vo)



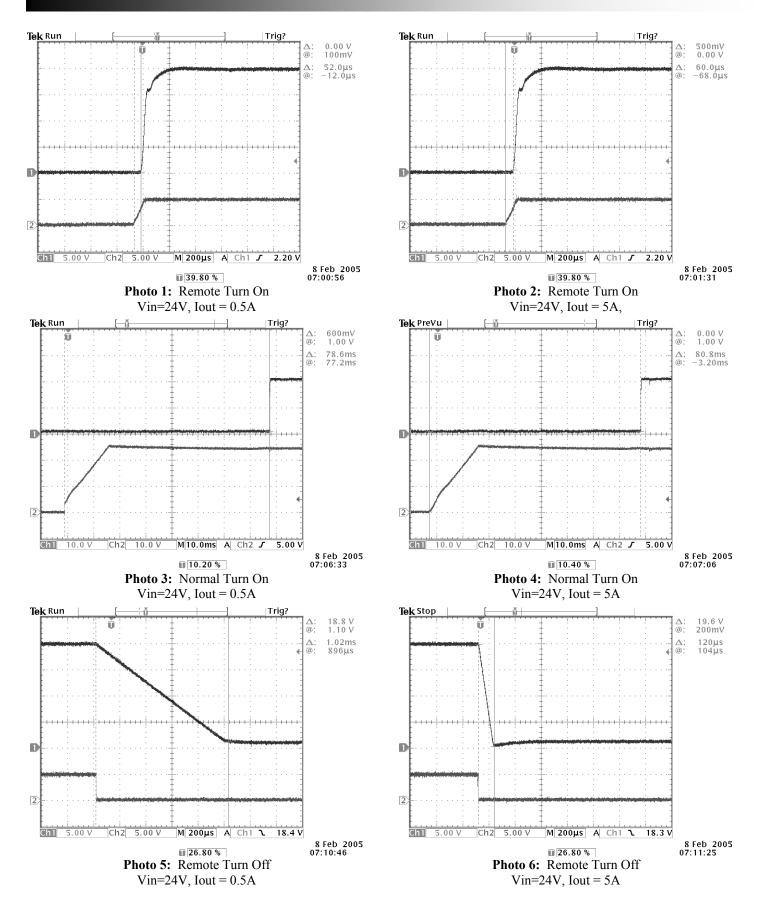
Note: Voltage measurements taken where the output pins are soldered into test board.



Graph 6: LV12S20-100 Load Regulation (+RS to +Vo, -RS to -Vo)



TECHNICAL DATASHEET LV12S20-100



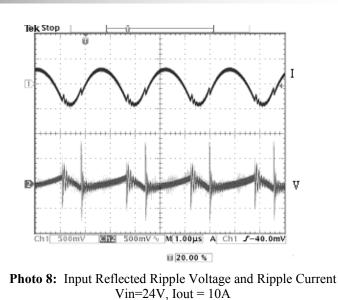


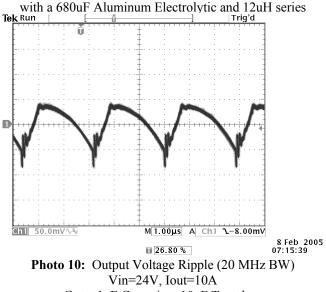
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n

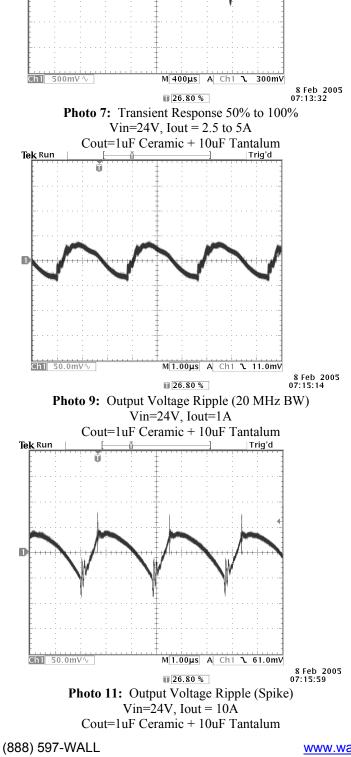
Trig'd

TECHNICAL DATASHEET LV12S20-100





Cout=1uF Ceramic + 10uF Tantalum





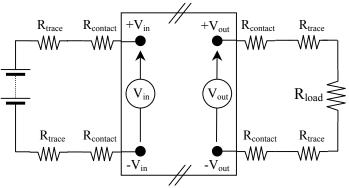
TEST SETUP:

The LV12S20-100 specifications are tested with the following configurations:

Regulation and Efficiency Setup

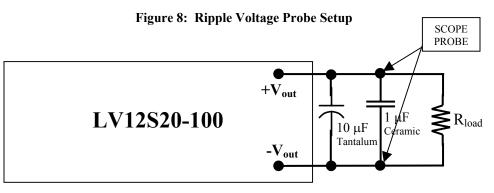
To ensure that accurate measurement are taken, the voltage measurements are taken directly at the terminal of the module. This minimizes errors due to contact and trace lengths between the load and the output of the supply. The following is a diagram of the test setup.

Figure 7: Regulation and Efficiency Probe Setup



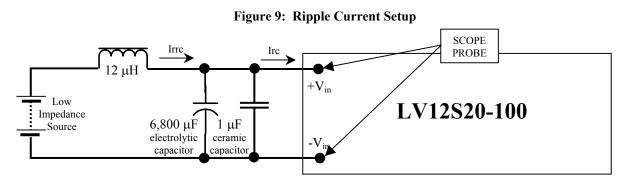
Output Ripple Voltage Setup

The module is tested with a 1uF ceramic capacitor in parallel with a 10uF tantalum capacitor across the output terminals.



Input Reflected Ripple Current and Input Ripple Current Setup

The module is tested for input reflected ripple current (Irrc) and input ripple current (Irc). The input ripple voltage is also measured at the pins with the following input filter. If there is a need to reduce input ripple current/voltage then additional ceramic capacitors can be added to the input of the converter.



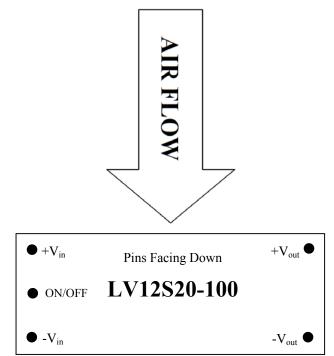


Converter Thermal Consideration

The converter is designed to operate without convective cooling if the derating curves are followed. The converter can operate at higher temperatures if airflow is applied. Airflow should be aligned lengthwise to the converter for optimum heat transfer. Contact Factory for derating curves.

Rev. D

Figure 10: Airflow Orientation





Company Information:

Wall Industries, Inc. has created custom and modified units for over 40 years. Our in-house research and development engineers will provide a solution that exceeds your performance requirements on-time and on budget. Our ISO9001-2000 certification is just one example of our commitment to producing a high quality, well documented product for our customers.

Our past projects demonstrate our commitment to you, our customer. Wall Industries, Inc. has a reputation for working closely with its customers to ensure each solution meets or exceeds form, fit and function requirements. We will continue to provide ongoing support for your project above and beyond the design and production phases. Give us a call today to discuss your future projects.

Contact Wall Industries for further information:

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